

Social Studies
Chapter 9, Lesson 4
Effects of the War
Notes

Name: _____ #: _____ Date: _____

❖ New Ideas

- 1776—states had begun to write their own _____
 - ◆ several states used _____ constitution as a model
 - ◆ began with a list of basic freedoms that people fought for during the American Revolution
 - right to _____
 - freedom to hold _____
 - freedom of the _____
- _____ had changed the way some Americans thought about people's rights
- said each person has the right to _____ and _____
 - ◆ however, state constitutions did not give the same rights as men
 - ◆ _____ did not have _____ rights
 - ◆ most _____ remained _____
- Early Attempts to End Slavery
 - some people believe that slavery should be ended
 - _____ in Philadelphia had started the country's first _____ (antislavery) group

- antislavery feelings grew after the Declaration was approved
- Elizabeth Freeman
 - ◆ slave in _____
 - ◆ sued to be free after hearing the Declaration of Independence
 - ◆ jury agreed, _____
- _____ abolished (ended slavery) as did other northern states

❖ Western Settlements

- when the war ended, the United States did not have enough money to pay all the soldiers who had served
- the United States had won more land from the British
- Congress decided to pay some of the soldiers with

- ◆ soldiers received different amounts of _____ based on their _____ and how _____ they had served
- ◆ some soldiers were given _____ of acres of lands in the _____ regions

➤ Moving West

- many former soldiers moved _____, but not all people who moved _____ were soldiers
- families moved west of the _____ to start _____
- Congress was eager to raise more money, so they _____ large amounts of land to the settlers and to land companies

- United States now stretched west to the _____, but British troops were still in some northwestern forts
 - Spain claimed lands along the country's western and southern borders
 - many _____ groups lived in the lands along the Ohio River
- South of the Ohio River
- fastest growing areas in the country were those lands _____ of the Ohio River
 - during the American Revolution, more than _____ people moved to the area that later became the state of _____
 - others moved to the area that became the state of _____

❖ The Northwest Territory

- over time, thousands of Americans followed the _____ west and settled the lands _____ of it
- this area became known as the _____
 - ◆ a territory is land that belongs to a nation but is not a state and is not represented in the national government

➤ Governing the Land

- at first there was _____ plan for how land in the territory should be divided
- hard to tell where each person's property ended
- 1785—Congress passed a new _____ (set of laws)

- ◆ explained how land in the territory would be _____, _____, and _____
- ◆ first divided into squares called _____
- ◆ townships were then divided into _____ smaller squares or sections
- Northwest Ordinance of _____
 - ◆ set up a plan for _____ the Northwest Territory and for forming new states
 - ◆ any region in the Northwest Territory that had more than _____ people could become a _____
 - ◆ ordinance promised settlers freedom of _____
 - ◆ also said that _____ was _____ in states formed from the Northwest Territory

❖ Battles for Land

- in months after Revolutionary War, British left many of their forts in the West
- without British help, _____ had a harder time _____ settlers from moving onto their lands

➤ New Fighting Breaks Out

- Native Americans in the Northwest Territory _____ to fight against new settlers
 - ◆ their leader Michikinikwa (_____) was a member of the _____ tribe in what are now _____ and _____

- early 1790s, Native Americans _____
United States soldiers in battles in what are now the states
of _____ and _____
- in 1794, a larger United States force won a major victory at
the Battle of _____, in what is now
Toledo, Ohio
- More Lands Are Taken
 - in 1795, Little Turtle and the leaders of other tribes agreed
to accept the Treaty of _____
 - ◆ Native Americans gave up most of their land in the
Northwest Territory
 - ◆ many Native Americans were _____ that the
United States demanded their lands
 - ◆ after the treaty was signed, Native Americans
_____ in the United
States government
 - some Native Americans _____ their lands to land
companies
 - ◆ _____ wanted to buy
much of the land in western New York from the
_____ Indians
 - Seneca leader, Segoyewatha (_____)
warned his tribe not to sell its lands
 - other leaders ignored his advice and signed the
_____, which let the
company buy most of the Seneca's land
 - settlers from the United States moved farther and farther

 - they cleared land for _____ and _____
 - lives of Native Americans would never be the same again